

# Analysis task

## Quadrilateral midpoints

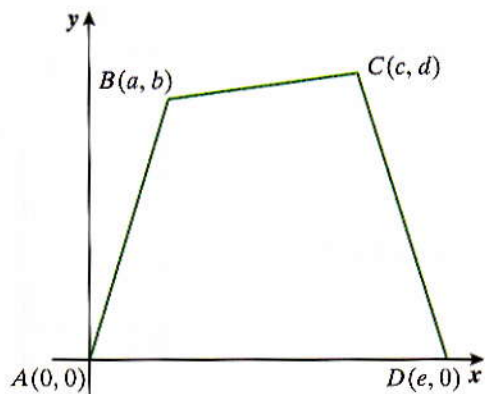
When the midpoints of the four sides of a quadrilateral are joined in order, another quadrilateral is formed. Coordinate geometry can be used to investigate the properties of this quadrilateral.

- Using graph paper or GeoGebra, plot and label the points  $A(-6, 7)$ ,  $B(4, 5)$ ,  $C(6, -1)$  and  $D(-8, -5)$ . Join the points in order to form the quadrilateral  $ABCD$ .
- Find the coordinates of the midpoint of each side of the quadrilateral. Label the midpoints  $E, F, G, H$ , with  $E$  as the midpoint of  $AB$ ,  $F$  as the midpoint of  $BC$ , and so on.
- Make a conjecture about quadrilateral  $EFGH$ .
- Calculate the gradient of
  - $EF$
  - $FG$
  - $GH$
  - $HE$
- What do you notice about the gradients you have calculated in part **d**? Explain.
- State what this tells you about
  - $EF$  and  $GH$
  - $FG$  and  $HE$ .
- What can you conclude about quadrilateral  $EFGH$ ?

## Challenge

Coordinate geometry can be used to prove the general case for any quadrilateral  $ABCD$ .

- Using the following diagram
  - repeat part **b**.
  - repeat part **d**.



- Write a statement stating what you have proved.